



Insights

State of AI adoption in Malta and European business

Eurostat reports 20.0% of EU enterprises with 10+ employees used AI in 2025, up from 13.5% in 2024. Malta sits at 21.6%. Adoption is still uneven, concentrated in larger firms and ICT, and rarely tied to measurable workflow outcomes. In Malta, relationship-driven proof matters more than marketing reach.

David Saliba . 2026-06-24 . aimonger.com/whitepapers/state-of-ai-adoption-malta-europe/

Key numbers

Metric	Value	Source
EU enterprises using AI (10+ employees)	20.0%	Eurostat, 11 Dec 2025
Year-on-year growth	+6.5 percentage points	Same Eurostat release (from 13.5% in 2024)
Malta enterprises using AI (10+)	21.6%	Same Eurostat release
Top adopting sector (EU)	ICT (highest among reported sectors)	Eurostat KS-01-26-009 PDF
Enterprises citing lack of expertise	40%+ of non-adopters	EC AI Watch barriers work (2024); see JRC AI Watch publications
Malta ICT sector share of GDP	~8%	NSO Malta
EU AI Act high-risk obligations deadline	August 2027	Regulation (EU) 2024/1689

The absorption gap

Every competitor can rent current closed flagships (GPT-5.x, Claude Opus-class, Gemini 3.x) or run competitive open weights such as DeepSeek-V4, Zhipu GLM-5.2, and Alibaba Qwen3.x (as of July 2026). Model brand alone is not a moat.

The returns in 2026 go to companies that **absorb** machine intelligence into how they actually work:

- Document approval chains that took 3 days now take 4 hours
- Board packs assembled from 6 systems in one click instead of one analyst's weekend
- Compliance monitoring that runs overnight instead of consuming a team

Companies that bought chatbot licences without workflow integration sit with the roughly **80%** of EU enterprises that still report no AI use on the Eurostat measure - or with the larger set that use AI on paper but not in operations.

Malta-specific patterns

Malta's enterprise landscape has characteristics that shape adoption differently from Berlin or Paris:

Small market, high trust requirement

With roughly 50,000 registered companies and a tight professional network, reputation effects are amplified. A visible AI success in iGaming or fintech travels to legal, accounting, and insurance within weeks. A public failure does the same.

Services-heavy economy

Malta's GDP is dominated by services - iGaming (~13% of GDP), financial services, tourism, professional services. These sectors generate document-heavy, compliance-intensive workflows that are strong candidates for agentic automation.

English-speaking EU gateway

Malta's English-speaking workforce and EU membership make it a natural hub for companies serving EU markets. AI systems built here must handle multi-jurisdiction compliance from day one.

Talent constraint

Malta's population is ~540,000. The AI expertise gap that Eurostat reports across the EU is acute here - there are fewer specialists to hire, which makes external consultancy and training more cost-effective than building large in-house teams.

Where adoption is heading

Three trends define the next 18 months:

1. **Agentic systems replace chatbot pilots** - multi-step orchestration with human gates, not single-turn Q&A
2. **EU AI Act forces documentation** - companies must know what AI they deploy and what risk tier it falls into
3. **ROI measurement becomes mandatory** - boards that approved AI budgets in 2024-2025 will demand proof in 2026-2027

What boards should do this quarter

1. **Inventory** every AI system in use (including SaaS features)
2. **Pick one workflow** with measurable before/after metrics
3. **Assign an owner** - not "IT" or "innovation", a named executive
4. **Set a 90-day proof point** - cycle time, manual hours, or error rate
5. **Plan for the EU AI Act** - eight questions, documented answers (see our [board checklist](#))

Methodology

This report synthesises publicly available data from Eurostat (enterprise AI adoption survey, 2025; news item 11 December 2025), the European Commission AI Watch (barriers and drivers survey, 2024), NSO Malta (sector GDP contributions), and first-hand observations from enterprise AI deployments in Malta and EU jurisdictions. Model names reflect the July 2026 market snapshot and will churn; the absorption thesis does not. No client names or confidential data are included.

References

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Updated: 2026-07-23. **Author:** David Saliba, AIMonger.

Published by AIMonger . <https://aimonger.com> . Malta . Europe